

A SALES & MARKETING LOVE STORY

How HubSpot Uses SLAs

Melissa Miller, HubSpot

AGENDA

- 1. What is an SLA and why build one?
- 2. Our approach
- 3. What we learned

1 WHAT IS AN SLA AND WHY BUILD ONE?

Service level agreement (SLA):

a formal commitment between a service provider and the end user.

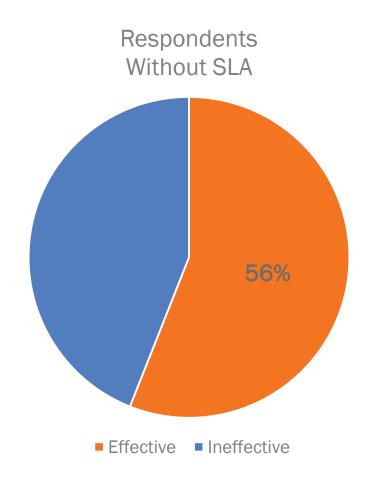
An SLA defines exactly what the end user will receive.

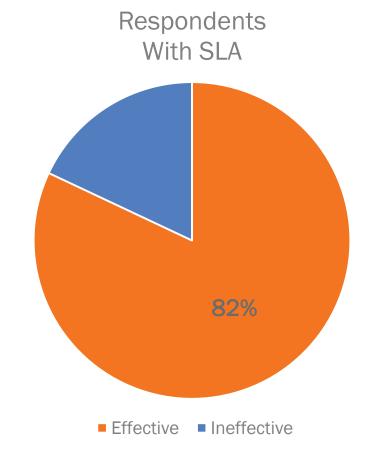


22%

State of Inbound respondents who reported using a formal SLA between Marketing and Sales.

State of Inbound 2016, www.stateofinbound.com





OUR VOWS

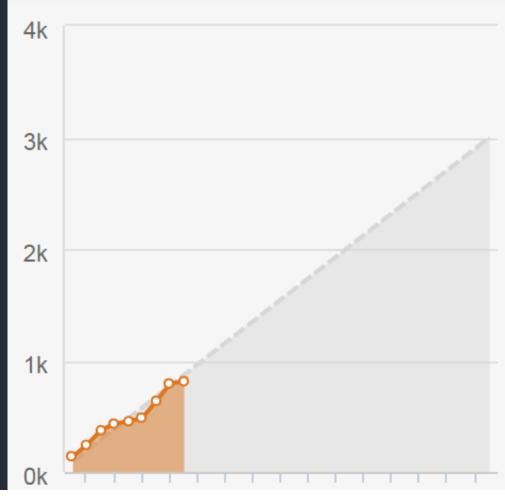
- Commit to specific goals
- Communicate openly & consistently
- Hold ourselves accountable
- Be transparent about our performance



WE SET OUT TO BUILD AN SLA

Two key ingredients:

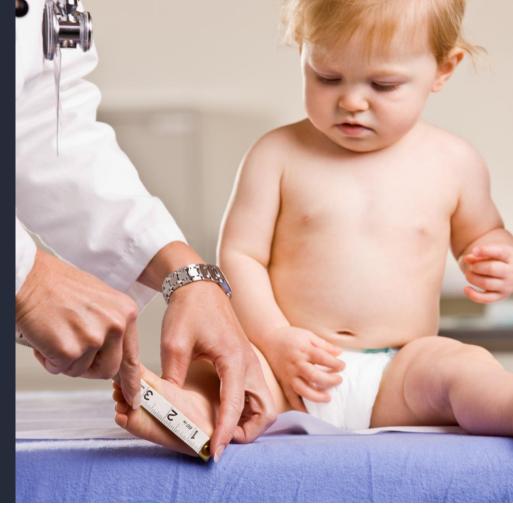
- 1. Commit to specific goals
- 2. Publicly share progress on hitting those goals



2 OUR APPROACH

PHASE 1

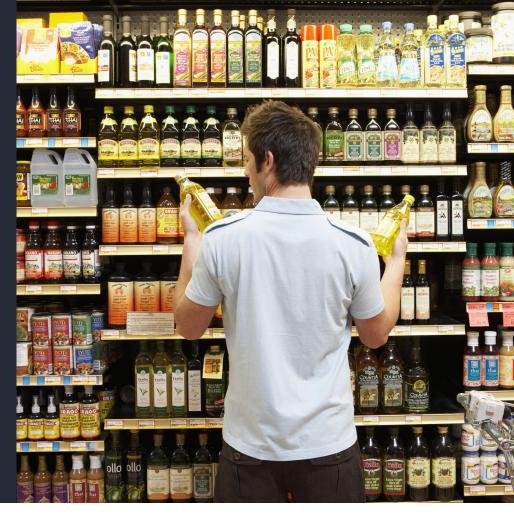
Identify the right unit of measurement.



Unit of Measurement	Description
Leads	New people entering your funnel
Marketing Qualified Leads (MQLs)	Leads Marketing has deemed qualified to be delivered to Sales.
Sales Qualified Leads (SQLs)	Leads Sales has decided to pursue

HOW DO YOU DECIDE?

- Moveable metric that
 Marketing can drive
- Aligns with the Sales process





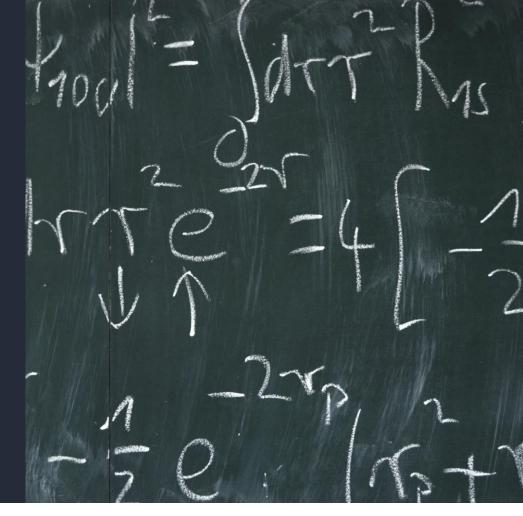
Questions we addressed:

- What are the criteria for an MQL?
- What information will sales reps receive?
- What is the expectation for Sales follow up?

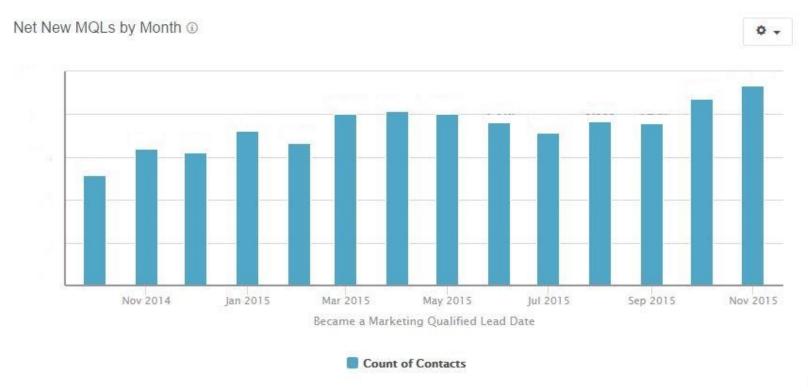
PHASE 2

Dig into the data.

- Pull historical data
- Goal setting



STEP 1: Historical volume & trend



STEP 2: Expected Revenue Per MQL

Steps:

- Pull MQLs from last X months.*
- Sum revenue influenced.
- 3. Divide by total MQLs.

Example:

- 1. 800 total MQLs in sample
- 2. Influenced \$80,000 of revenue
- 3. \$80,000 / 800 MQLs = \$100 per MQL

Each MQL is worth \$100.

*Exclude recent months where MQLs have not had enough time to close.

STEP 3: DETERMINE REVENUE TARGET

Questions to answer:

- What is the company goal?
- What percent of company goal will Marketing source?

Example: \$100,000 * 75% = \$75,000



STEP 4: Set goals based on target

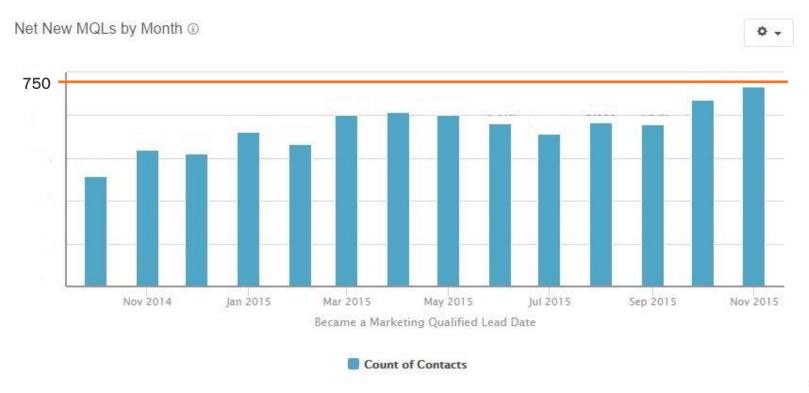
We know:

- MQL value = \$100 per MQL
- Marketing Revenue Target = \$75,000

Calculation:

- MQL Goal = Revenue Target / MQL Value
- MQL Goal = \$75,000 / \$100 = 750 MQLs

STEP 5: Confirm goals are realistic



5 Steps

1. Pull historical volume of MQLs.

2. Calculate expected revenue per MQL.

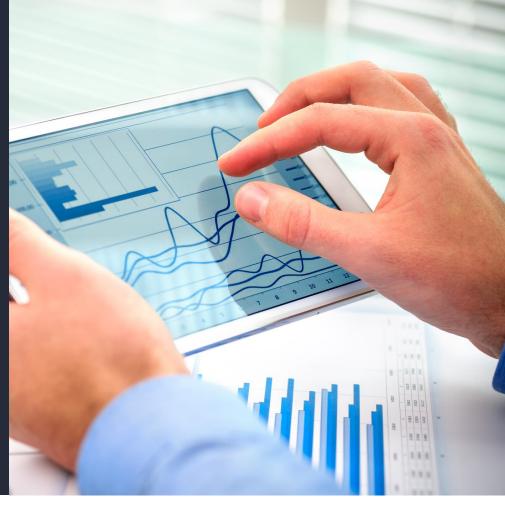
3. Determine your revenue target.

4. Back into SLA goal.

5. Cross check against historical volume.

PHASE 3

Build Reports.



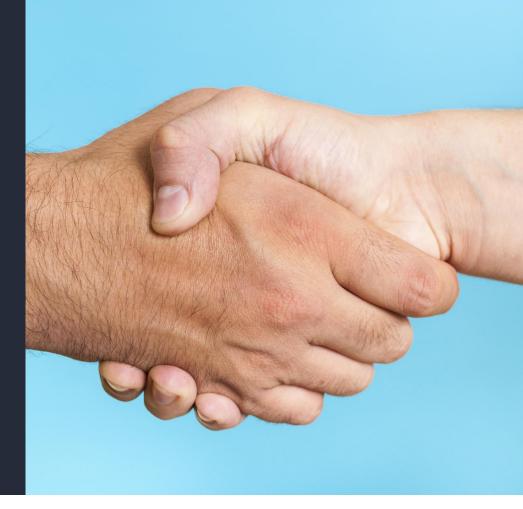
Report Launch Checklist

- Build report with a "waterfall" format
- ☐ Identify the right recipients
- □ Setup regular delivery system

3 WHAT WE LEARNED

IT'S IMPORTANT TO EXPLAIN HOW IT WORKS

- Share your goals
- Explain your reporting
- Set expectations
- Keep getting feedback
- Keep iterating



Expect Change

Your SLA will need to evolve as your learn what works and as your business changes.







